

IOM

INSTALLATION OPERATION
& MAINTENANCE

A100

PLASTIC 1 INCH

AIR-OPERATED DOUBLE-DIAPHRAGM PUMP



FDA

Ex

CE

PSG
a **DOVER** company

 **ALL-FLO**

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CAUTIONS — READ FIRST!

READ THESE WARNINGS AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OR OPERATION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS COULD RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY AND OR PROPERTY DAMAGE. RETAIN THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

WARNING Pump, valves and all containers must be properly grounded prior to handling flammable fluids and/or whenever static electricity is a hazard.

WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

WARNING The TX marking refers to the maximum surface temperature depending not on the equipment itself, but mainly on operating conditions. In this case, the maximum surface temperature depends upon the temperature of the process fluids.

WARNING For pump models with non-metallic manifolds, air valves, or chambers: When the relative humidity in the surrounding atmosphere is above 30%, the equipment must not be touched by personnel unless first wiped down with a damp cloth.

WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.

WARNING Use only with liquid process fluid.

WARNING This equipment's ambient temperature range is 32°F (0°C) to 104°F (40°C)

WARNING Do not operate the pump with fluids or in temperatures which are less than 32°F (0°C)

CAUTION The temperature of the process fluid and air input must be no more than 36°F (20°C) less of the maximum temperature allowed for the appropriate non-metallic material. See the list of temperatures below for each material's maximum recommended temperature:

Buna-N (Nitrile):	10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C)
Geolast®:	10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C)
EPDM:	-40°F to 280°F (-40°C to 138°C)
Santoprene®:	-40°F to 225°F (-40°C to 107°C)
FKM:	-40°F to 350°F (-40°C to 177°C)
PTFE:	40°F to 220°F (4°C to 104°C)
Polyethylene:	32°F to 158°F (0°C to 70°C)
Polypropylene:	32°F to 180°F (0°C to 82°C)
PVDF:	0°F to 250°F (-18°C to 121°C)
Nylon:	0°F to 200°F (-18°C to 93°C)

Temperature limits are solely based upon mechanical stress and certain chemicals will reduce the maximum operating temperature. The allowable temperature range for the process fluid is determined by the materials in contact with the fluid being pumped. Consult a chemical resistance guide for chemical compatibility and a more precise safe temperature limit. Always use minimum air pressure when pumping at elevated temperatures.

WARNING = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage

CAUTION = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury, product or property damage.

CAUTION It is the end user's responsibility to maintain the process fluid's temperature during use.

CAUTION Do not connect a compressed air source to the exhaust port of the pump.

CAUTION Do not lubricate air supply.

CAUTION Do not exceed 120 psig (8.3 bar) air-inlet pressure.

CAUTION Do not exceed 10 psig (0.7 bar) or 23 ft-H₂O suction pressure.

CAUTION Ensure all wetted components are chemically compatible with the process fluid and the cleaning fluid.

CAUTION Ensure pump is thoroughly cleaned and flushed prior to installation into a process line.

CAUTION Always wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when operating pump.

CAUTION Close and disconnect all compressed air and bleed all air from the pump prior to service. Remove all process fluid in a safe manner prior to service.

CAUTION Blow out all compressed air lines in order to remove any debris, prior to pump installation. Ensure that the muffler is properly installed prior to pump operation.

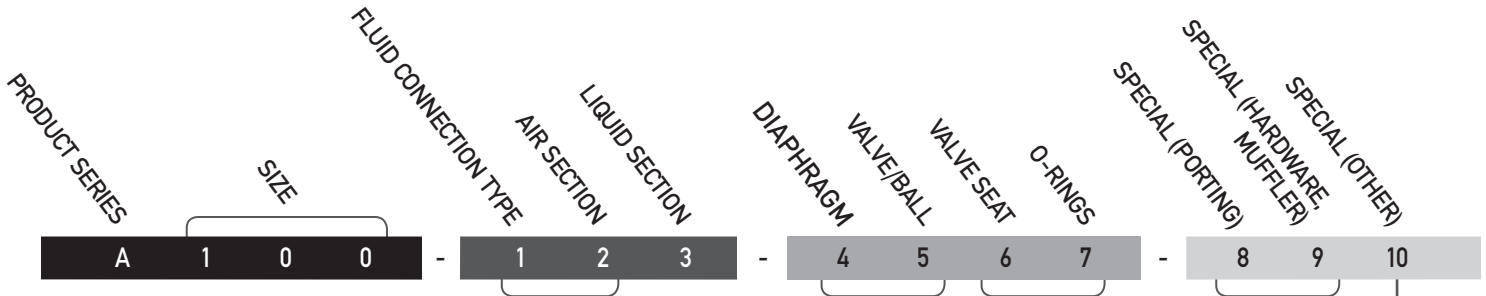
CAUTION Ensure air exhaust is piped to atmosphere prior to a submerged installation.

CAUTION Ensure all hardware is set to correct torque values prior to operation.

CAUTION The equipment must be inspected for visible damage prior to use.

WARNING This product can expose you to chemicals including Nickel, Chromium, Cadmium, or Cobalt, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

MODEL DESIGNATION MATRIX & REPAIR KITS - BOLTED PLASTIC



- 1 FLUID CONNECTION TYPE**
F = ANSI / DIN FLANGE
 C = Combination ANSI / DIN FLANGE & NPT
 E = Combination ANSI / DIN FLANGE & BSPT
- 2 AIR SECTION**
P = Polypropylene Intermediate-Pneumatic Shift
- 3 LIQUID SECTION**
K = PVDF
P = Polypropylene
- 4 DIAPHRAGMS**
G = Geolast®
S = Santoprene®
T = PTFE with Santoprene® Backup
 V = FKM
- 5 VALVE/BALL**
G = Geolast®
S = Santoprene®
T = PTFE
 V = FKM
 3 = Stainless Steel

- 6 VALVE SEAT**
K = PVDF
P = Polypropylene
 3 = Stainless Steel
- 7 O-RINGS**
E = EPDM
N = Buna-N
T = PTFE
 V = FKM
- 8 PORTING**
S = Default (Suction Right / Discharge Right)
T = Suction Right / Discharge Left
X = Suction Left / Discharge Right
Y = Suction Left / Discharge Left
 A = Suction Center Front / Discharge Center Front
 B = Suction Center Front / Discharge Center Rear
 D = Suction Center Front / Discharge Right
 E = Suction Center Front / Discharge Left
 F = Suction Center Rear / Discharge Center Front
 G = Suction Center Rear / Discharge Center Rear
 I = Suction Center Rear / Discharge Right
 J = Suction Center Rear / Discharge Left
 P = Suction Right / Discharge Center Front
 Q = Suction Right / Discharge Center Rear
 U = Suction Left / Discharge Center Front
 V = Suction Left / Discharge Center Rear
 4 = All Ports Open (Standard ports will be left un-plugged)

- 9 SPECIAL OPTION (HARDWARE, MUFFLER, LUG)**
7 = Stainless Steel Hardware, Standard Muffler
8 = Stainless Steel Hardware, Premium Muffler
 B = PTFE Coated Stainless Steel Hardware, Standard Muffler
 C = PTFE Coated Stainless Steel Hardware, Premium Muffler
 F = Stainless Steel Hardware, Standard Muffler, Grounding Lug Installed
 G = Stainless Steel Hardware, Premium Muffler, Grounding Lug Installed
 H = PTFE Coated Stainless Steel Hardware, Standard Muffler, Grounding Lug Installed
 I = PTFE Coated Stainless Steel Hardware, Premium Muffler, Grounding Lug Installed
 Note: Equipment must be grounded to achieve ATEX rating it is recommended to configure the pump with a grounding lug option for ATEX applications.

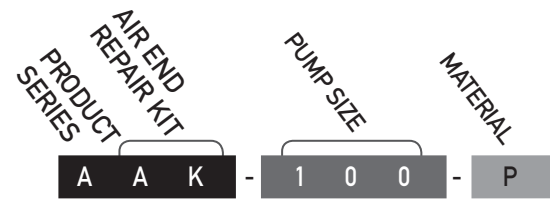
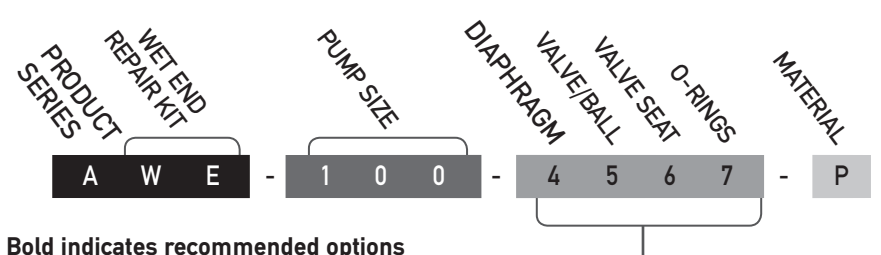
- 10 SPECIAL OPTION (OTHER)**
0 = Standard
 1 = Cycle Counter Valve
 2 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 110/50 Volt AC, 120/60 Volt AC, DIN 43650B Connector
 3 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 110/50 Volt AC, 120/60 Volt AC Explosion Proof
 4 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 220/50 Volt AC, 240/60 Volt AC, 12 Volt DC, DIN 43650B Connector
 5 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 220/50 Volt AC, 240/60 Volt AC, 12 Volt DC Explosion Proof
 6 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 220/50 Volt AC, 240/60 Volt AC, 125 Volt DC, DIN 43650B Connector
 7 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 220/50 Volt AC, 240/60 Volt AC, 125 Volt DC Explosion Proof
 8 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 24 Volt DC, DIN 43650B Connector
 9 = Solenoid Adaptor Valve 24 Volt DC, Explosion Proof
 A = Grease Free (No lubrication assembly)

WET END REPAIR KIT

Wet end kits are available and consist of diaphragms, (back-up diaphragms if required), balls, seats and seat O-Rings. See matrix below.

AIR END REPAIR KIT

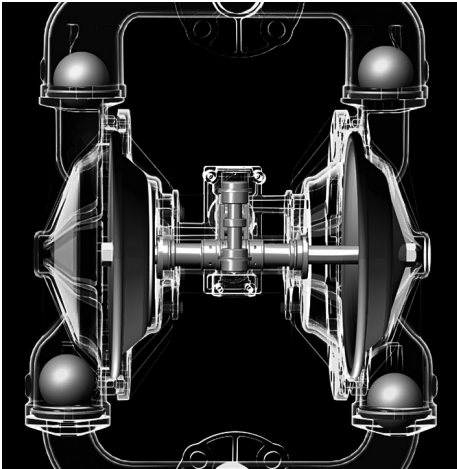
Air end repair kit contains pilot sleeve assembly and main air valve.



Bold indicates recommended options

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

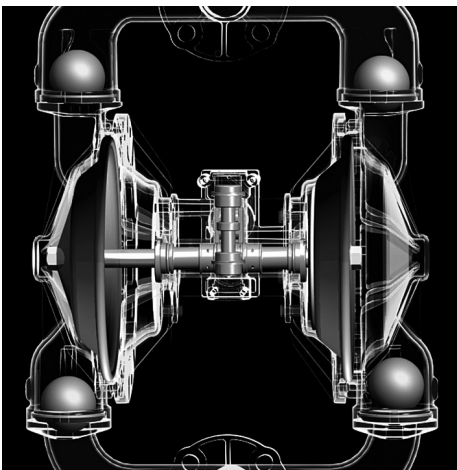
HOW AN AIR OPERATED DOUBLE DIAPHRAGM PUMP WORKS



The air-valve directs pressurized air behind the diaphragm on the right, causing the diaphragm on the right to move outward (to the right).

Since both the right diaphragm and the left diaphragm are connected via a diaphragm rod, when the right diaphragm moves to the right, the left diaphragm (through the action of the diaphragm rod) moves to the right also.

When the diaphragm on the left side is moving to the right, it is referred to as suction stroke. When the left diaphragm is in its suction stroke, the left suction ball moves upward (opens) and the left discharge ball moves downward (closes). This action creates suction and draws liquid into the left side chamber.



The air-valve directs pressurized air behind the left diaphragm, causing the left diaphragm to move outward (to the left).

Since both the left diaphragm and the right diaphragm are connected via a diaphragm rod, when the left diaphragm moves to the left, the right diaphragm (through the action of the diaphragm rod) moves to the left also.

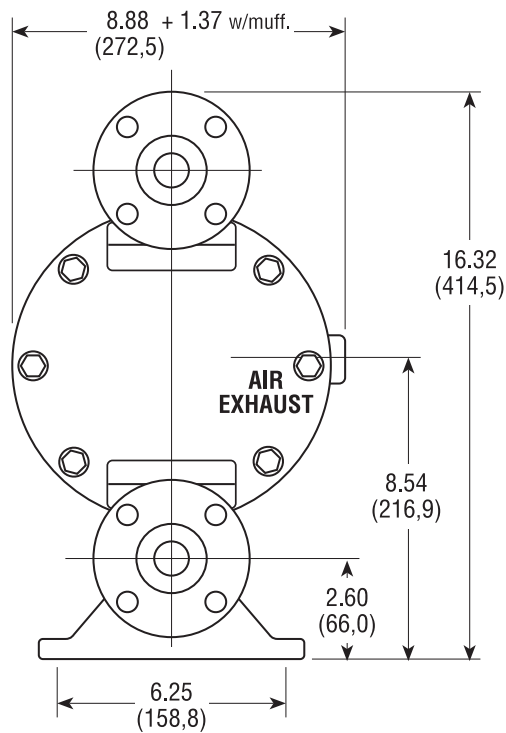
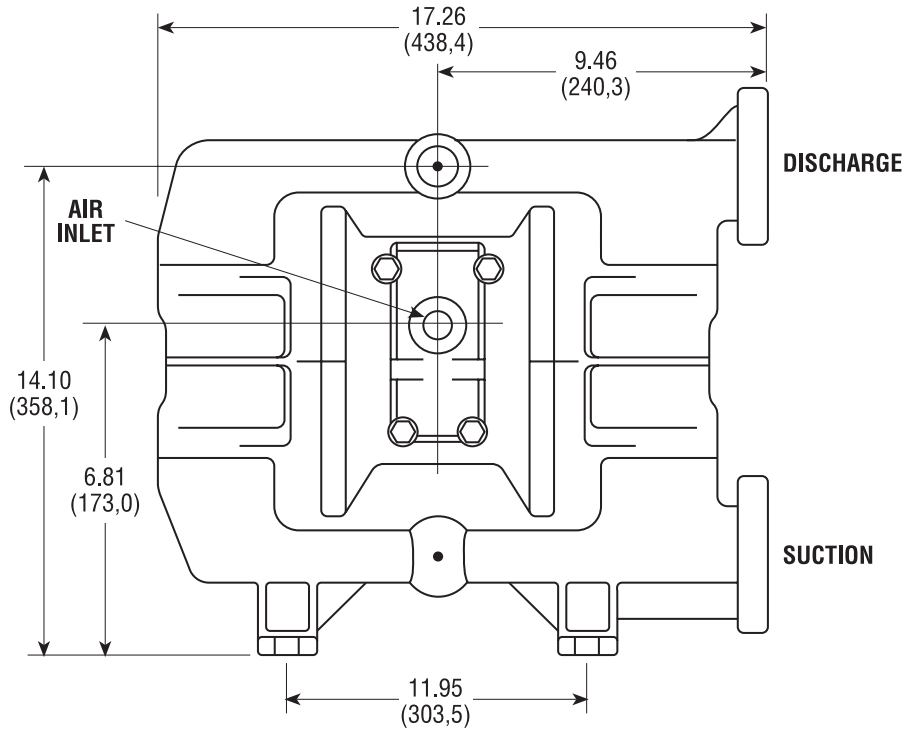
When the diaphragm on the left side moves outward, the left discharge ball moves upward (opens) and the left suction ball moves downward (closes). This causes the liquid to leave the left side liquid outlet of the pump.

Simultaneously, the right diaphragm moves inward (to the left), which causes the right suction ball to open and the right discharge to close, which in turn causes suction, drawing liquid into the right chamber.

The process of alternating right suction / left discharge (and vice-versa) continues as long as compressed air is supplied to the pump.

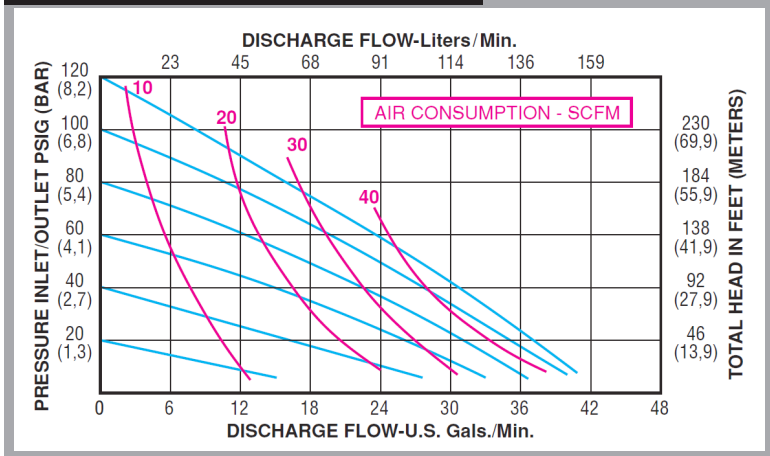
1" PUMP DIMENSIONS

BOLTED PLASTIC



PERFORMANCE CURVES

PERFORMANCE CURVE



Performance Specifications

Max. Flow:	41 gpm (155.8 lpm)
Max. Air Pressure:	120 psi (8.2 bar)
Max. Solids:	1/4" (6.2 mm)
Max. Suction Lift Dry:	15 ft-H ₂ O (4.5 m-H ₂ O)
Max. Suction Lift Dry w/PTFE:	10 ft-H ₂ O (3.0 m-H ₂ O)
Max. Suction Lift Wet:	26 ft-H ₂ O (7.9 m-H ₂ O)
Weight Polypropylene:	20 lbs (9.1 kg)
Weight PVDF:	30 lbs (13 kg)
Air Inlet:	1/4" FNPT
Liquid Inlet:	1" ANSI/DIN Flanged, 1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Liquid Outlet:	1" ANSI/DIN Flanged, 1" FNPT or 1" FBSPT
Height:	16.32" (414.5 mm)
Width:	17.26" (438.4 mm)
Depth:	8.88" (225.6 mm)

*Flow rates indicated on the chart(s) shown were determined by pumping water at flooded suction. For optimum life and performance, pumps should be specified so that daily operation parameters will fall in the center of the pump performance curve.

INSTALLATION, TROUBLESHOOTING AND MAINTENANCE

INSTALLATION PIPING

Whenever possible ensure the pump is installed using the shortest possible pipe lengths with the minimum amount of pipe fittings. Ensure all piping is supported independent of the pump.

Suction and discharge piping should not be smaller than the connection size of the pump. When pumping liquids of high viscosity, larger piping may be used, in order to reduce frictional pipe loss.

Employ flexible hoses in order to eliminate the vibration caused by the pump. Mounting feet can also be used to reduce vibration effects.

All hoses should be reinforced, non-collapsible and be capable of high vacuum service. Ensure that all piping and hoses are chemically compatible with the process and cleaning fluid.

For processes where pulsation effects should be reduced, employ a pulsation dampener on the discharge side of the pump.

For self-priming applications, ensure all connections are airtight and the application is within the pumps dry-lift capability. Refer to product specifications for further details.

For flooded suction applications, install a gate valve on the suction piping in order to facilitate service.

For unattended flooded suction operation, it is recommended to pipe the exhaust air above the liquid source. In the event of a diaphragm failure this will reduce or eliminate the possibility of liquid discharging through the exhaust onto the ground.

LOCATION

Ensure that the pump is installed in an accessible location, in order to facilitate future service and maintenance.

AIR

Ensure that the air supply is sufficient for the volume of air required by the pump. Refer to product specifications for further details. For reliable operation, install a 5 micron air filter, air-valve and pressure regulator. Do not exceed the pumps maximum operating pressure of 120 psig.

REMOTE OPERATION

Utilize a three way solenoid valve for remote operation. This ensures that air between the solenoid and the pump is allowed to “bleed off,” ensuring reliable operation. Liquid transfer volume is estimated by multiplying displacement per stroke times the number of strokes per minute

NOISE

Correct installation of the muffler reduces sound levels. Refer to product specifications for further details.

SUBMERGED OPERATION

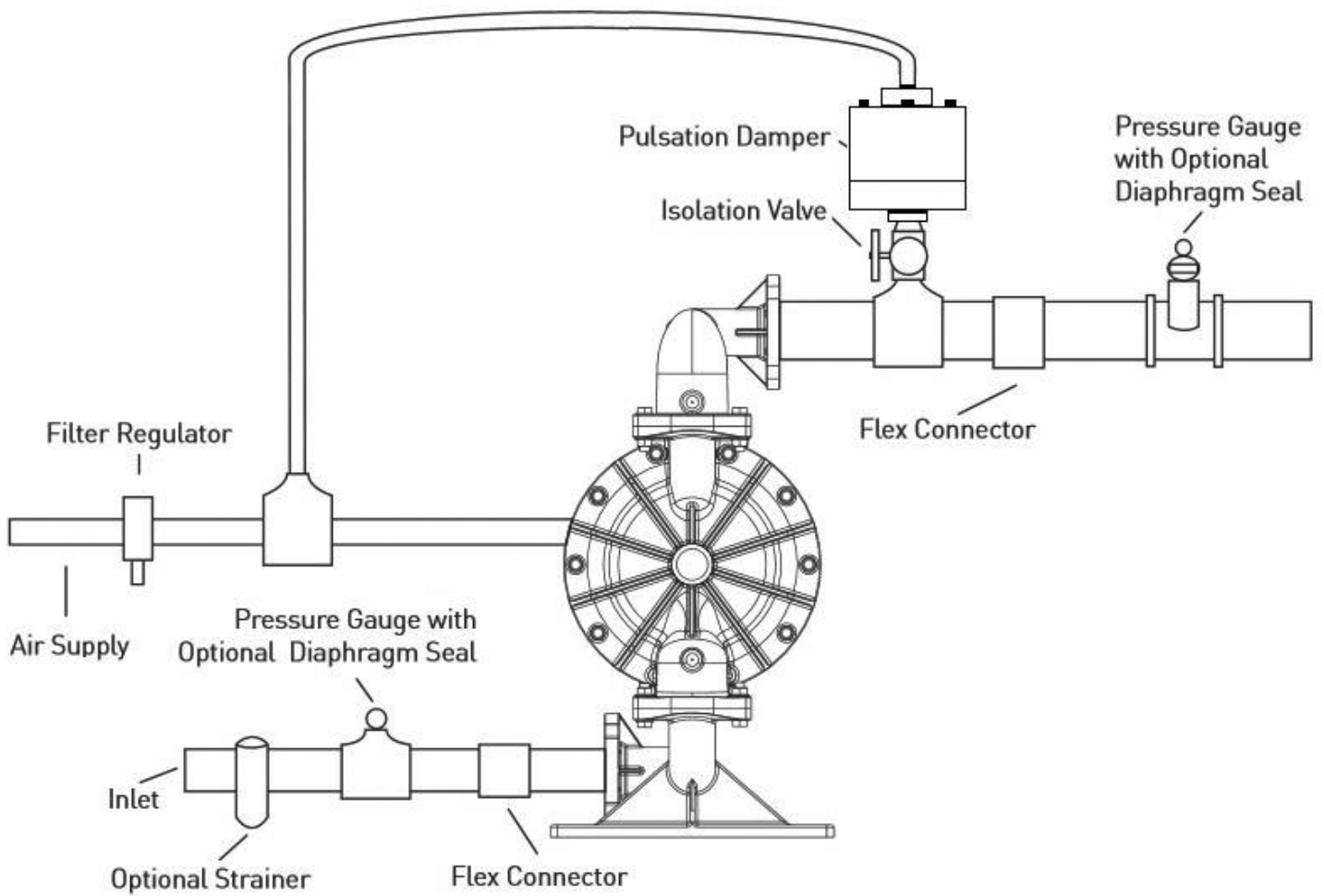
For submersible operation, pipe the air exhaust to atmosphere

GROUNDING THE PUMP

Loosen grounding screw and install a grounding wire. Tighten grounding screw. Wire size should be a 12 gauge wire or larger. Connect the other end of the wire to a true earth ground. Equipment must be grounded to achieve ATEX rating and it is recommended to configure the pump with a grounding lug option.



SUGGESTED INSTALLATION



This illustration is a generic representation of an air operated double-diaphragm pump.

TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM

EFFECT/SOLUTION

Pump Will Not Cycle

- Discharge line closed or plugged
- Discharge filter blocked
- Check valve stuck
- Air filter blocked
- Air supply valve closed
- Air supply hooked up to muffler side of pump
- Compressor not producing air or turned off
- Muffler iced or blinded
- Diaphragm ruptured
- Plant air supply line ruptured
- Air valve wear/debris
- Pilot sleeve wear/debris
- Diaphragm rod broken
- Diaphragm plate loose

Pumped Fluid Coming Out of Muffler

- Diaphragm ruptured
- Diaphragm plate loose
- Inlet liquid pressure excessive (above 10 psig)

Pump Cycles but no Flow

- Inlet strainer clogged
- Suction valve closed
- Suction line plugged
- No liquid in the suction tank
- Suction lift excessive
- Debris stuck in valves
- Excessive wear of check valves
- Air leak on suction side with suction lift

Pump Cycles with Closed Discharge Valve

- Debris stuck in check valve
- Excessive wear of check valves

Pump Running Slowly/Not Steady

- Air compressor undersized
- Leak in air supply
- Air-line, filter regulator or needle valve undersized
- Muffler partially iced or blinded
- Air valve gasket leak or misalignment
- Air valve wear/debris
- Pilot sleeve wear/debris
- Liquid fluid filter blocked
- Pump may be cavitating, reduce speed of operation
- Suction strainer clogged

Pump Will Not Prime

- Air leak in suction pipe
- Air leak in pump manifold connections
- Suction strainer and lines clogged
- Excessive lift conditions
- Check valve wear
- Debris in check valve

OPERATION

The Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump requires a minimum of 20 psig of air to operate, with some variation according to diaphragm material. Increasing the air pressure results in a more rapid cycling of the pump and thus a higher liquid flow rate. In order to not exceed 120 psig of inlet air pressure, and for accurate control of the pump, it is suggested to use a pressure regulator on the air inlet.

An alternate means of controlling the flow-rate of the pump is to use an inlet air valve and partially open or close accordingly. When the air valve is completely in the closed position, the pump will cease to operate.

A third method of controlling the flow rate of the pump is to use a liquid discharge valve. Closing the liquid discharge valve will cause a decrease in the flow rate since the pump will operate against a higher discharge pressure.


Solenoid control of the inlet air may also be used in order to facilitate remote operation. A three way solenoid valve is recommended, in order to allow the air to “bleed off” between the solenoid and the pump.

Do not use valves for flow control on the suction side of the pump. (Closing or partially closing a liquid suction valve restrict the suction line and may cause damage to the diaphragms.) Suction strainers may be employed to reduce or eliminate larger solids, but routine maintenance is necessary in order to prevent a restriction on the suction.

MAINTENANCE

Due to the unique nature of each application, periodic inspection of the pump is the best method to determine a proper maintenance schedule. A record should be kept of all repairs made to an installed pump. This will serve as the best predictor of future maintenance.

Typical maintenance involves replacing of “wear-parts” such as the diaphragms, balls, valve seats and O-rings. Proper maintenance can ensure trouble-free operation of the pump. Refer to repair and assembly instructions for further details.

 **WARNING** Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

WEEKLY (OR DAILY)

Make a visual check of the pump. If pumped fluid is leaking out of the pump, pipe fittings or muffler turn off pump and schedule maintenance.

EVERY THREE MONTHS

Inspect fasteners and tighten any loose fasteners to recommended torque settings.

Schedule pump service based on pump’s service history.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

PUMP WET END REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Wrench, 7/16 Inch
- 2) Two Wrenches, 1/2 Inch
- 3) Two Wrenches, 9/16 Inch
- 4) Two Wrenches, 1-1/8 Inch

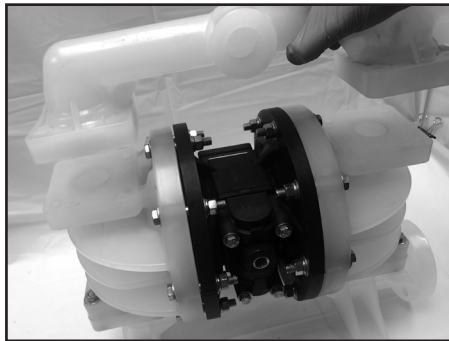
⚠ WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

⚠ WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



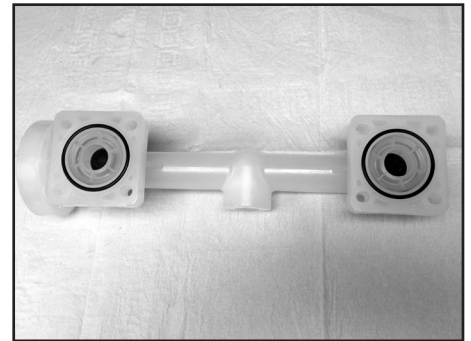
STEP 1

Using the 1/2 inch wrenches remove eight "Hex-Head Cap Screws", sixteen "Washers" and eight "Nuts" from the "Discharge Manifold".



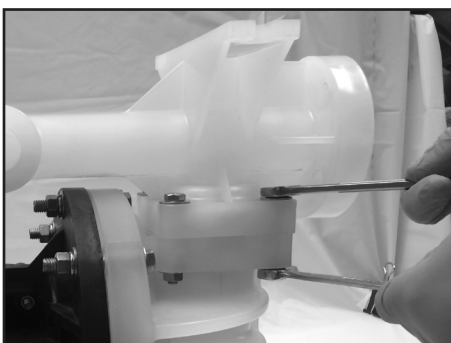
STEP 2

Remove the "Discharge Manifold".



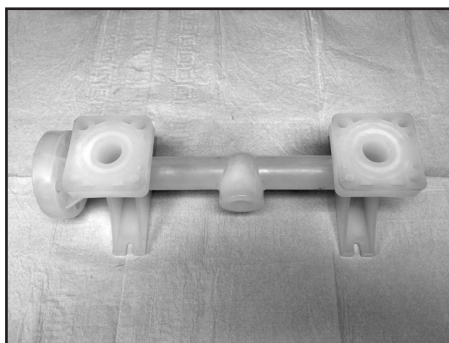
STEP 3

Remove the "O-Ring", "Valve Seat" and "Ball" from the "Discharge Manifold".



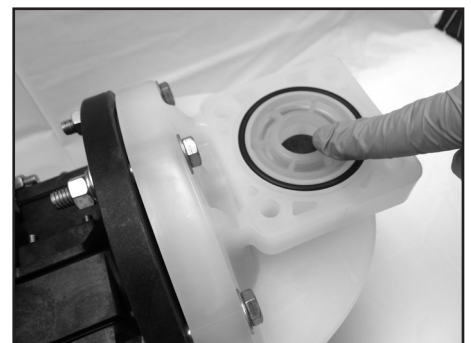
STEP 4

Using the 1/2 inch wrenches remove eight "Hex-Head Cap Screws", sixteen "Washers" and eight "Nuts" from the "Suction Manifold".



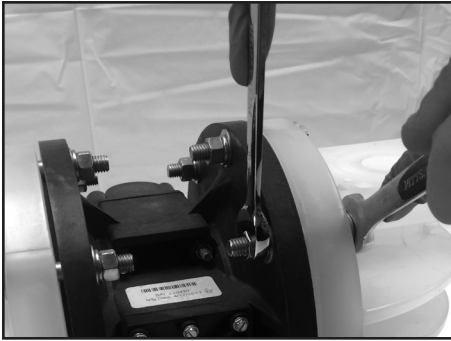
STEP 5

Remove the "Suction Manifold".



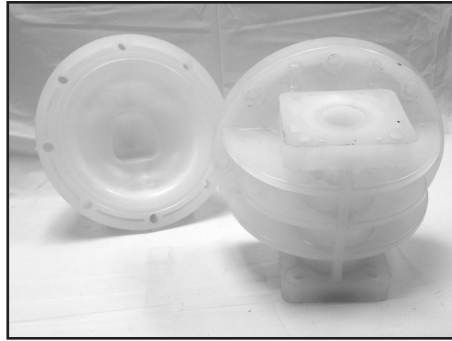
STEP 6

Remove the "O-Ring", "Valve Seat" and "Ball" from the "Outer Chamber".



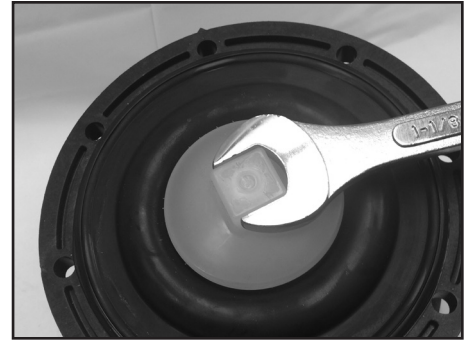
STEP 7

In order to remove both "Outer Chambers", using two 9/16 inch wrenches, remove eight "Hex Head Cap Screws", sixteen "Washers" and eight "Nuts" from each side.



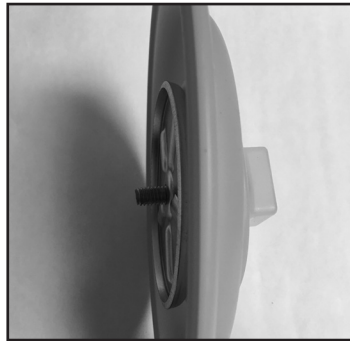
STEP 8

Remove both "Outer Chambers" from the "Intermediate".



STEP 9

Using two 1-1/8 Inch wrenches, remove "Outer Diaphragm Plate", "Diaphragm" and "Inner Diaphragm Plate" from one side of the pump.



STEP 10

Placing the 1-1/8 inch wrench on the remaining "Outer Diaphragm Plate" and the 7/16 inch wrench on the "Diaphragm Rod Assembly", remove the remaining "Outer Diaphragm Plate", "Diaphragm" and "Inner Diaphragm Plate" from the other side of the pump.

PUMP WET END ASSEMBLY

To assemble the wet end of the pump, reverse the order of disassembly. Ensure all hardware is fastened in accordance with torque specifications (see page 17). Inverting one of the diaphragms during reassembly will facilitate ease of assembly.

Note: When using pumps built with PTFE O-Rings, always replace with new PTFE O-Rings, since the original O-Rings may not reseal the pump.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

AIR VALVE REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Wrench, 7/16 Inch
- 2) One Pick, General Purpose
- 3) One Pair of Pliers

⚠ WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

⚠ WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



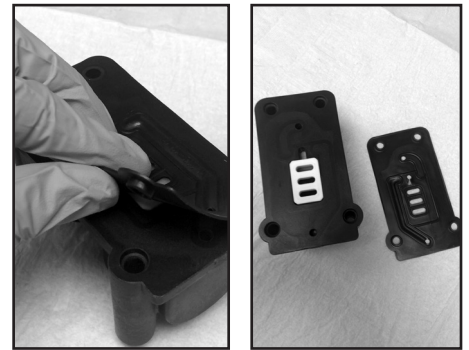
STEP 1

Using the 7/16 inch wrench, remove four "Hex Head Cap Screws", four "Lock Washers", four "Flat Washers" and four "Hex Nuts" (rear).



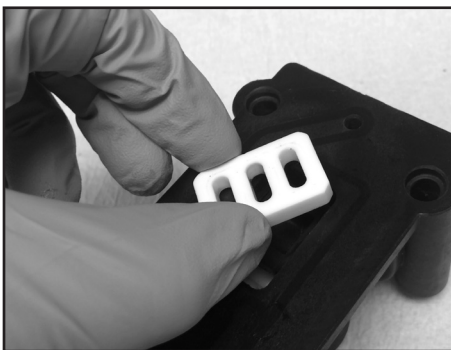
STEP 2

Remove the main "Air-Valve Assembly" from the pump.



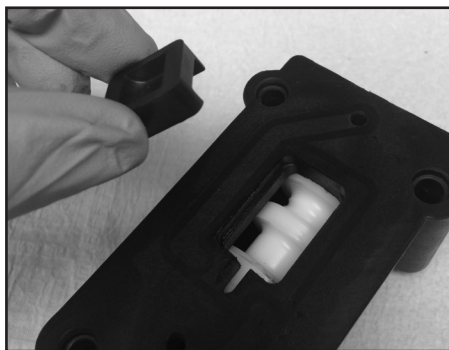
STEP 3

Remove the "Air-Valve Gasket" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 4

Remove the "Shuttle Plate" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".
Note: The smooth shiny side of the shuttle plate should be toward the shuttle car.



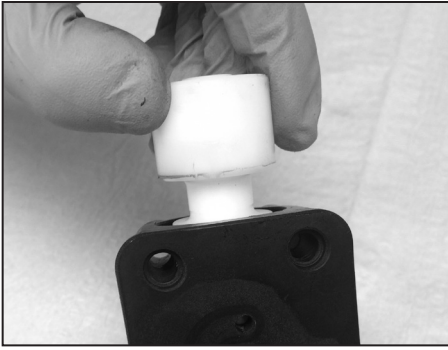
STEP 5

Remove the "Shuttle" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 6

Using the pair of pliers, remove the "Air Valve End Plug" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly". Ensure the "O-Ring" is installed when reassembling.



STEP 7

Remove the "Air Valve Spool" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".
Note: The longer piston is on the plug side, insert larger chamfer first.



STEP 8

Using the pick, remove the "Lip Seal (Air Valve)" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".



STEP 9

Using the pick, remove the second "Lip Seal (Air Valve)" from the main "Air-Valve Assembly".

AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY

To assemble the air valve, reverse the order of disassembly. During assembly, ensure that the open side of the lip-seals are both facing each other inward. Install the shuttle plate with the smooth/shiny side toward the shuttle car. Lubrication of the air valve assembly, with a non-synthetic lubricant, is recommended. Magna-Lube or Magna-Plate are recommended for assembly lubrication (see detailed parts list for ordering information).

Note that if the lip-seals are installed incorrectly, they will be unable to rotate. Insert the spool, larger chamfer side first, the spool's longer piston is to be on the plug side, ensure O-Ring is installed, and then the air-valve end plug into position.

REPAIR AND ASSEMBLY

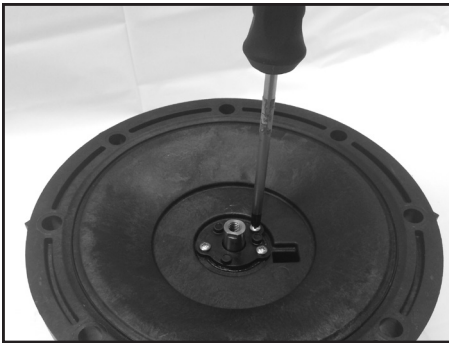
PILOT VALVE REMOVAL

TOOLS NEEDED

- 1) One Screwdriver, Phillips #2
- 2) Two Wrenches, 7/16 Inch

⚠ WARNING Prior to servicing the pump, ensure that the air and fluid lines are closed and disconnected. While wearing personal protective equipment, flush, drain and process liquid from the pump in a safe manner.

⚠ WARNING Maintenance must not be performed when a hazardous atmosphere is present.



STEP 1

Using the screwdriver, remove three "Phillips Pan-Head Screws" in order to remove the "Retaining Plate". Repeat for other side of the pump.



STEP 2

Remove the "Diaphragm Rod" and the "Pilot Sleeve Assembly" from the "Intermediate".



STEP 3

Remove both "Lip Seals (Diaphragm Rod)" and both "End Spacers (Pilot Sleeve)" from the "Pilot Sleeve Assembly". Remove both "O-Rings (End Spacer)" from both "End Spacers (Pilot Sleeve)".



STEP 4

Remove three "Inner Spacers (Pilot Sleeve)" and four "O-Rings (Pilot Sleeve)" from the "Pilot Sleeve Assembly".



STEP 5

Using two 7/16 inch wrenches, disassemble the "Diaphragm Rod Assembly" into its two parts.

Note: They are installed with thread locker.



STEP 6

Remove the "Pilot Sleeve" from the disassembled "Diaphragm Rod Assembly".

PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY

To assemble the pilot valve, reverse the order of disassembly. Should process fluid have contact with the pilot valve O-Rings, they should be replaced as swelling may occur and cause irregular operation. During assembly, ensure that the open side of the lip-seals are facing outward. Lubrication of the pilot sleeve assembly, with a non-synthetic lubricant, is recommended in order to facilitate re-assembly into the intermediate. Magna-Lube or Magna-Plate are recommended for assembly lubrication (see detailed parts list for ordering information).

TORQUE SPECIFICATION CHART

RECOMMENDED TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS

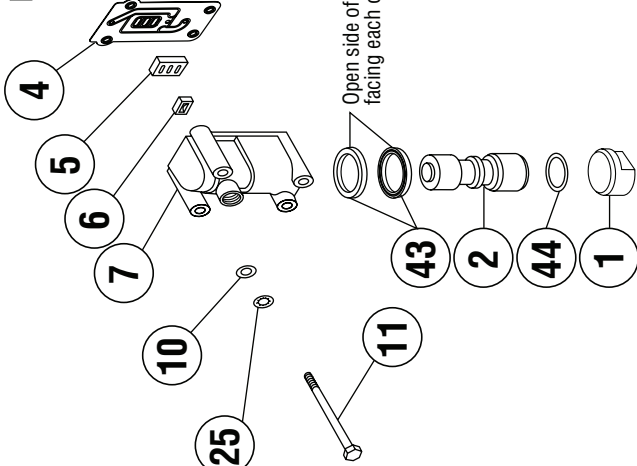
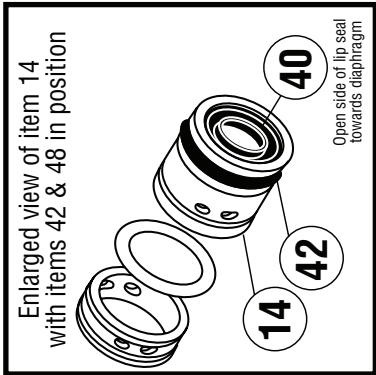
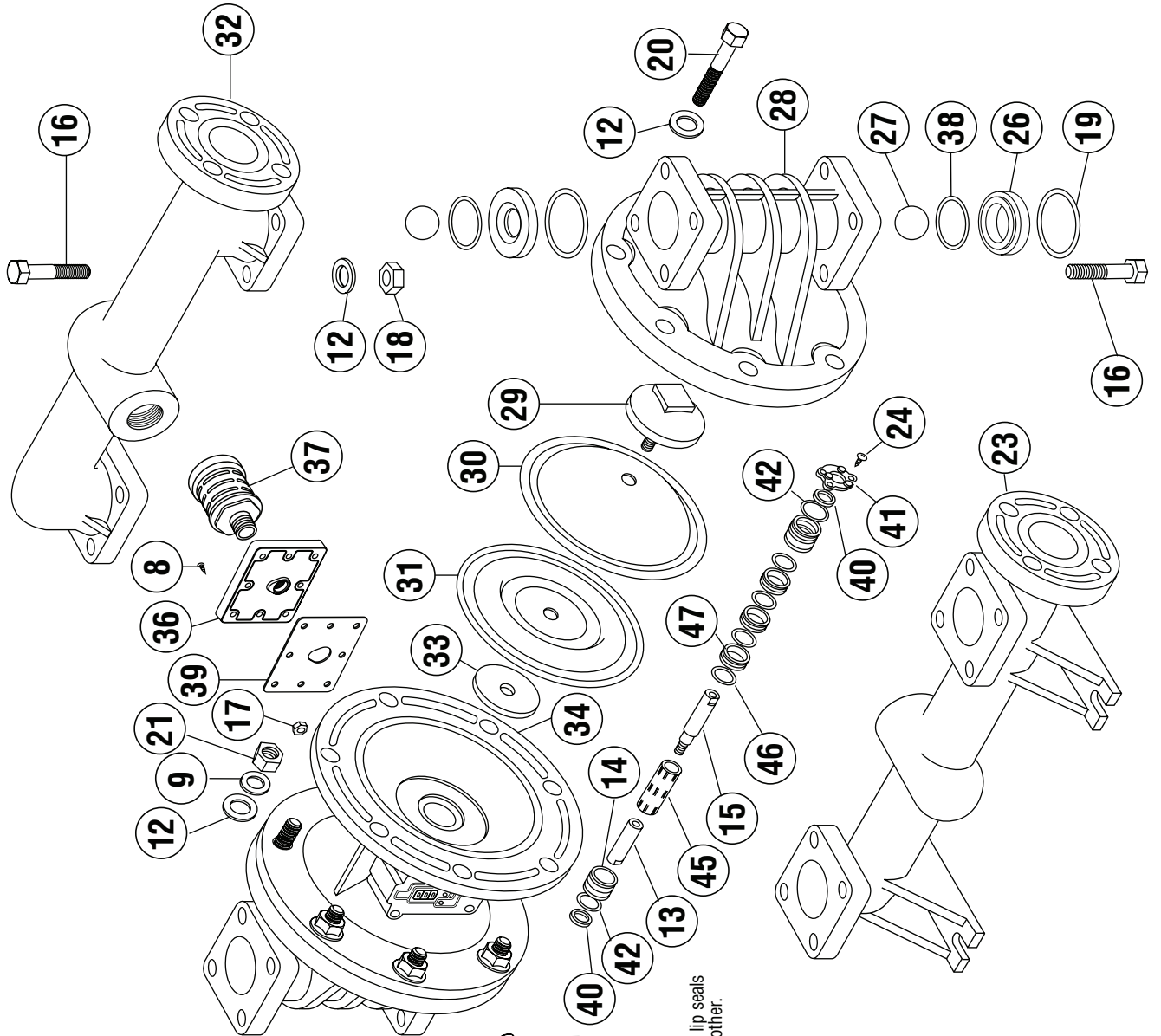
1" Pumps	
Manifold Bolts	100-110 in-lbs (11.3-12.4 N-m)
Chamber Bolts	75-85 in-lbs (8.48 - 9.61 N-m)
Air Valve Bolts	40 in-lbs (4.52 N-m)
Diaphragm Plates	165 in-lbs (18.6 N-m)

Note: Always torque the chamber bolts prior to the manifold bolts. When reassembling, loosely tighten all external fasteners adjusting and aligning gradually, in an alternating fashion, tighten to torque requirements listed above.

Note: When using pumps built with PTFE O-Rings, always replace with new PTFE O-Rings, since the original O-Rings may not reseal the pump.

EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LIST

A100-**P**-******-***** BOLTED PLASTIC



PARTS LIST - BOLTED PLASTIC

A100-*P*-****_***

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
1	AIR VALVE END PLUG	1	ALL MODELS	11703-60	Polypropylene
2	AIR VALVE SPOOL	1	ALL MODELS	10480-31	Acetal
4	AIR VALVE GASKET	1	ALL MODELS	12116-19	Nitrile
5	SHUTTLE PLATE	1	ALL MODELS	10416-77	Ceramic
6	SHUTTLE	1	ALL MODELS	10415-00	Special
7	AIR VALVE BODY	1	ALL MODELS	11614-60	Polypropylene
8	SLT WSHR (#8 X 1") SCREW	8	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12525-26	Stainless Steel
9	SPLIT LOCKWASHER (3/8")	16	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12316-26	Stainless Steel
10	FLAT WASHER (1/4")	4	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12300-26	Stainless Steel
11	CAP SCREW (1/4" X 5")	4	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12512-26	Stainless Steel
12	FLAT WASHER (3/8")	64	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12303-26	Stainless Steel
13	DIAPHRAGM ROD (Short)	1	ALL MODELS	*	Stainless Steel
14	END SPACER (Pilot Sleeve)	2	ALL MODELS	10204-40	Polypropylene
15	DIAPHRAGM ROD (Long)	1	ALL MODELS	*	Stainless Steel
16	BOLT (5/16" X 2-1/4")	16	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12547-26	Stainless Steel
17	HEX NUT (1/4" - 20)	4	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12600-26	Stainless Steel
18	HEX NUT (5/16" - 18)	16	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12601-26	Stainless Steel
19	O-RING (Manifolds)	4	A100-*P*-****N-*** A100-*P*-****V-*** A100-*P*-****E-*** A100-*P*-****T-***	11940-11 † 11940-13 11940-15 † 11940-17 †	Nitrile FKM EPDM PTFE
20	BOLT (3/8" X 2-1/4")	16	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12544-26	Stainless Steel
21	HEX NUT (3/8" - 16)	16	ALL MODELS (NON-PTFE COATED)	12602-26	Stainless Steel
23	SUCTION MANIFOLD	1	A100-*PP-****-*** A100-*PK-****-***	10555-40 10555-56	Polypropylene PVDF
24	SELF TAP SCREW (#6 X 1/2")	6	ALL MODELS	12510-26	Stainless Steel
25	LOCK WASHER (1/4")	4	ALL MODELS	12350-26	Stainless Steel
26	VALVE SEAT	4	A100-*PP-**P*-*** A100-*PK-**K*-***	10907-40 † 10907-56 †	Polypropylene PVDF
27	BALL	4	A100-*P*-*V**-*** A100-*P*-*G**-*** A100-*P*-*S**-*** A100-*P*-*3**-*** A100-*P*-*T**-***	11008-13 † 11008-19 † 11008-23 † 11008-26 † 11008-45 †	FKM Geolast® Santoprene® Stainless Steel PTFE
28	OUTER CHAMBER	2	A100-*PP-****-*** A100-*PK-****-***	10721-40 10721-56	Polypropylene PVDF
29	OUTER DIAPHRAGM PLATE	2	A100-*PP-****-*** A100-*PK-****-***	11204-40 11204-56	Polypropylene PVDF
30	OVERLAY (PTFE ONLY)	2	A100-*P*-T***-***	11406-59 †	PTFE
31	DIAPHRAGM	2	A100-*P*-V***-*** A100-*P*-G***-*** A100-*P*-S***-*** A100-*P*-T***-***	10605-13 † 10605-19 † 10605-23 † 10605-23 †	FKM Geolast® Santoprene® Santoprene®

PARTS LIST - BOLTED PLASTIC

A100-*P*-****-***

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	QTY	PUMP MODEL	PART NO.	MATERIAL
32	DISCHARGE MANIFOLD	1	A100-*PP*-****-*** A100-*PK*-****-***	10556-AF-40 10556-AF-56	Polypropylene PVDF
33	INNER DIAPHRAGM PLATE	2	ALL MODELS	11104-25	Plated Steel
34	INTERMEDIATE	1	ALL MODELS	11522-60	Polypropylene
36	MUFFLER PLATE	1	ALL MODELS	13111-60	Polypropylene
37	MUFFLER	1	ALL MODELS	13000-00	Polypropylene
38	O-RING (Valve Seat)	4	A100-*P*-***N-*** A100-*P*-***V-*** A100-*P*-***E-*** A100-*P*-***T-***	11939-11 † 11939-13 † 11939-15 † 11939-17 †	Nitrile FKM EPDM PTFE
39	GASKET (Muffler Plate)	1	ALL MODELS	12117-19	Nitrile
40	LIP SEAL (Diaphragm Rod)	2	ALL MODELS	12000-76	Nitrile
41	RETAINING PLATE	2	ALL MODELS	12708-54	Polypropylene
42	O-RING (End Spacer)	2	ALL MODELS	11923-11	Nitrile
43	LIP SEAL (Air Valve)	2	ALL MODELS	12003-76	Nitrile
44	O-RING (Air Valve End Plug)	1	ALL MODELS	11913-11	Nitrile
45	PILOT SLEEVE	1	ALL MODELS	10105-31	Acetal
46	O-RING (Pilot Sleeve)	4	ALL MODELS	11920-16	Urethane
47	INNER SPACER (Pilot Sleeve)	3	ALL MODELS	10203-40	Polypropylene

* Any Character

* NOTE: DIAPHRAGM ROD CAN ONLY BE PURCHASED AS AN ASSEMBLY.

DIAPHRAGM ROD ASSEMBLY Items 13 & 15	1	ALL MODELS	32000-00	Stainless Steel
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OPTIONAL ASSEMBLIES AVAILABLE

AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY Items 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 43, 44	1	ALL MODELS	AMK-100-P	Various
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PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY Items 14, 40, 42, 45, 46, 47	1	ALL MODELS	APK-100-P	Various
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† WET END ASSEMBLY Items 19, 26, 27, 30, 31, 38	1	ALL MODELS	AWE-100-P	Various
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ELASTOMERS & REPAIR KITS

WETTED ELASTOMERS

BUNA-N (NITRILE)

is a general purpose elastomer used with water and many oils. Temperature range 10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C).

GEOLAST®

is an injection molded thermoplastic material with characteristics similar to Nitrile. Has excellent abrasion resistance. Temperature range 10°F to 180°F (-12°C to 82°C).

EPDM

is a general purpose elastomer with good resistance to many acids and bases. Temperature range -40°F to 280°F (-40°C to 138°C).

SANTOPRENE®

is an injection molded material with characteristics similar to EPDM. Has excellent abrasion resistance. Temperature range -40°F to 225°F (-40°C to 107°C).

FKM

is an elastomer with good corrosion resistance to a wide variety of chemicals. Temperature range -40°F to 350°F (-40°C to 177°C).

PTFE (POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE)

is a thermoplastic polymer that is inert to most chemicals. Temperature range 40°F to 220°F (4°C to 104°C).

Most of the above elastomers are available in FDA approved formulations.

Geolast® is a registered trademark of ExxonMobil Chemical Co.
Santoprene® is a registered trademark of ExxonMobil Chemical Co.
Hytrel® is a registered trademark of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C.
Magnalube® is a registered trademark of Carleton-Stuart Corp.



II 2 GD c TX

Warning: The TX marking refers to the maximum surface temperature depending not on the equipment itself, but mainly on operating conditions. In this case, the maximum surface temperature depends upon the temperature of the process fluids.

WARRANTY AND REGISTRATION

WARRANTY. All All-Flo products shall be covered by the standard All-Flo Limited Warranty in effect at the time of shipment. This warranty (which may be modified by All-Flo at any time) provides:

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All-Flo does not warrant any part or component that it does not manufacture, but will assign to the original end-user purchaser of any warranty received by it from the manufacturer, to extent such pass through is permitted by the manufacturer.



REGISTRATION FORM

Pump Model _____ Pump Serial Number _____

Company Name _____

Name _____ Email _____

Phone # _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Qty of Pumps _____ Fluid Pumping _____

How did you hear about us? Existing All-Flo user,
Web, Distributor, Magazine...

MAIL TO: All-Flo | Attn: Product Registration
22069 Van Buren Street, Grand Terrace, CA 92313-5651



Scan QR code and
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Where Innovation Flows